

RCEP实施对纺织业影响——机遇、挑战与合作展望

The Impact of RCEP on China's Textile & Apparel Industry - Opportunities, Challenges and Cooperation Prospect

地点 Venue
5.1 - H106
热点交流
Talking Point



2020年11月15日，中国与东盟、日本、韩国、澳大利亚和新西兰15国共同签署《区域全面经济伙伴关系协定》（RCEP），标志着全球最大的自由贸易区顺势而生。协定生效后，超过90%的货物贸易将最终实现零关税，服务贸易和投资开放水平也将进一步提高。对于纺织业而言，RCEP的实施将对行业扩大对外贸易规模及深化域内产业链、供应链合作产生较为深远的积极影响。本次主题演讲将深入解读RCEP规则下，中国与日本首次在纺织服装领域达成的相互关税减让安排，中国与东盟、韩国等其他成员国更高水平的降税幅度及贸易潜力，共同探讨我国纺织业积极参与RCEP区域内产能合作的机遇与挑战。

On Nov.15, 2020, The Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement (RCEP) was signed by China and 14 other countries including the 10 ASEAN member states, Japan, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand. RCEP will create the world's largest trading bloc, once the agreement enters into force, from a trade in goods perspective, more than 90% of tariff lines will eventually reduce to zero, further boosting trade in services and investment between its signatories. For the textile and apparel industry, RCEP will have a profound impact on the expansion of international trade and regional cooperation across the industry chain and supply chain.

This speech will provide an insight into the mutual tariff reduction arrangement reached between China and Japan for the first time in the textile and apparel sector under the RCEP rules, talk about the tariff reduction and trade potential between China and other member countries such as ASEAN and Korea, and discuss the opportunities and challenges for China's textile & apparel industry to participate in investment and cooperation within the RCEP region.

2021.3.18

时间 Time	讲者 Speakers
10:30 – 11:30	崔晓凌 · 中国纺织工业联合会国际贸易办公室 / 中国国际贸易促进委员会纺织行业分会项目经理 Carrie Cui, Project Manager, Office of International Trade, China National Textile & Apparel Council, Trade and Investment Promotion Dept., The Sub-Council of Textile Industry, CCPIT

*提供普通话<->英语同声传译

Mandarin Chinese <-> English Simultaneous Interpretation will be provided

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